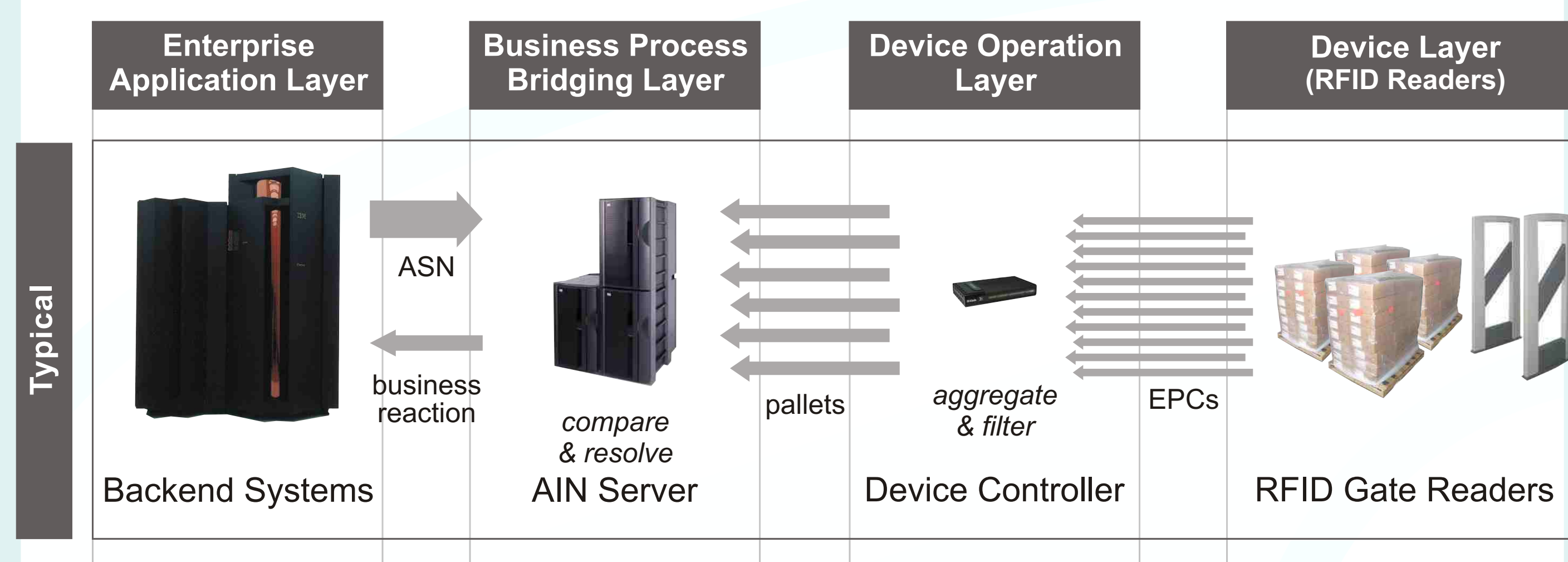


Motivation

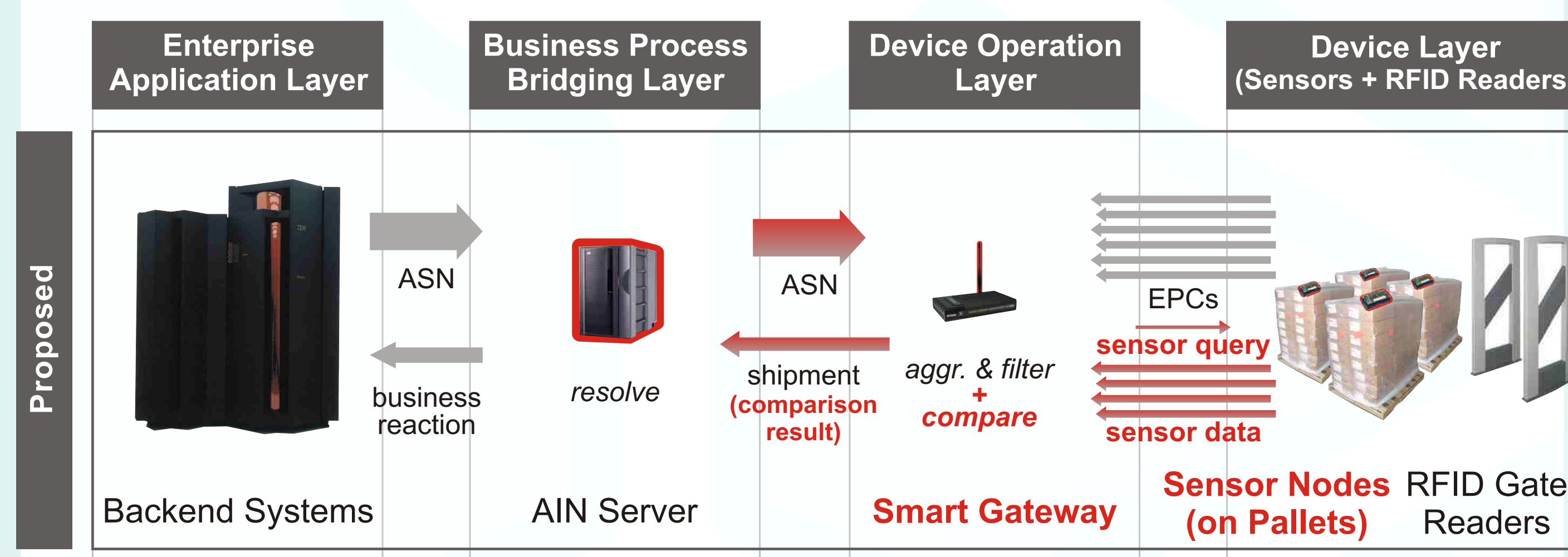
- Usage of **RFID** and **sensor data** in SCM requires the automatic conversion of **large amounts** of raw data into sensible **business** information
- Leads to **performance** and **scalability** issues in existing RFID middleware infrastructures
 - Typical systems are structured in four layers:



- Such a **centralized** system does not scale well with increasing load

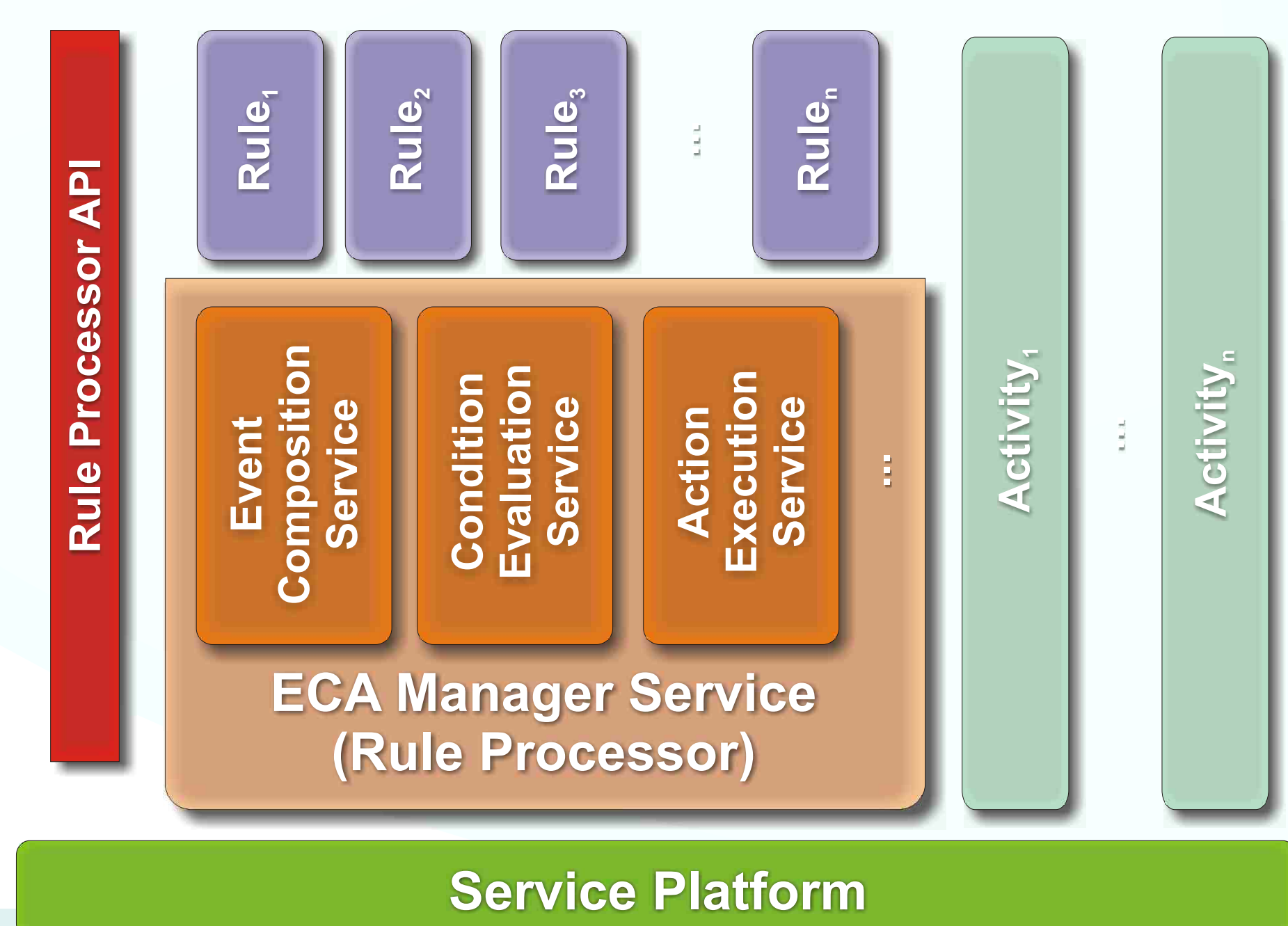
Proposed Approach

- Move from existing monolithic architecture towards a more flexible, distributed architecture
 - Shift part of the **business logic** closer to the **point of observation**, exploiting processing power of smart devices
 - React locally for better system scalability and throughput:
 - Improve system **scalability** by reducing network traffic, and
 - Shorten system **response time** by taking actions closer to the edge and hence enabling further interactions



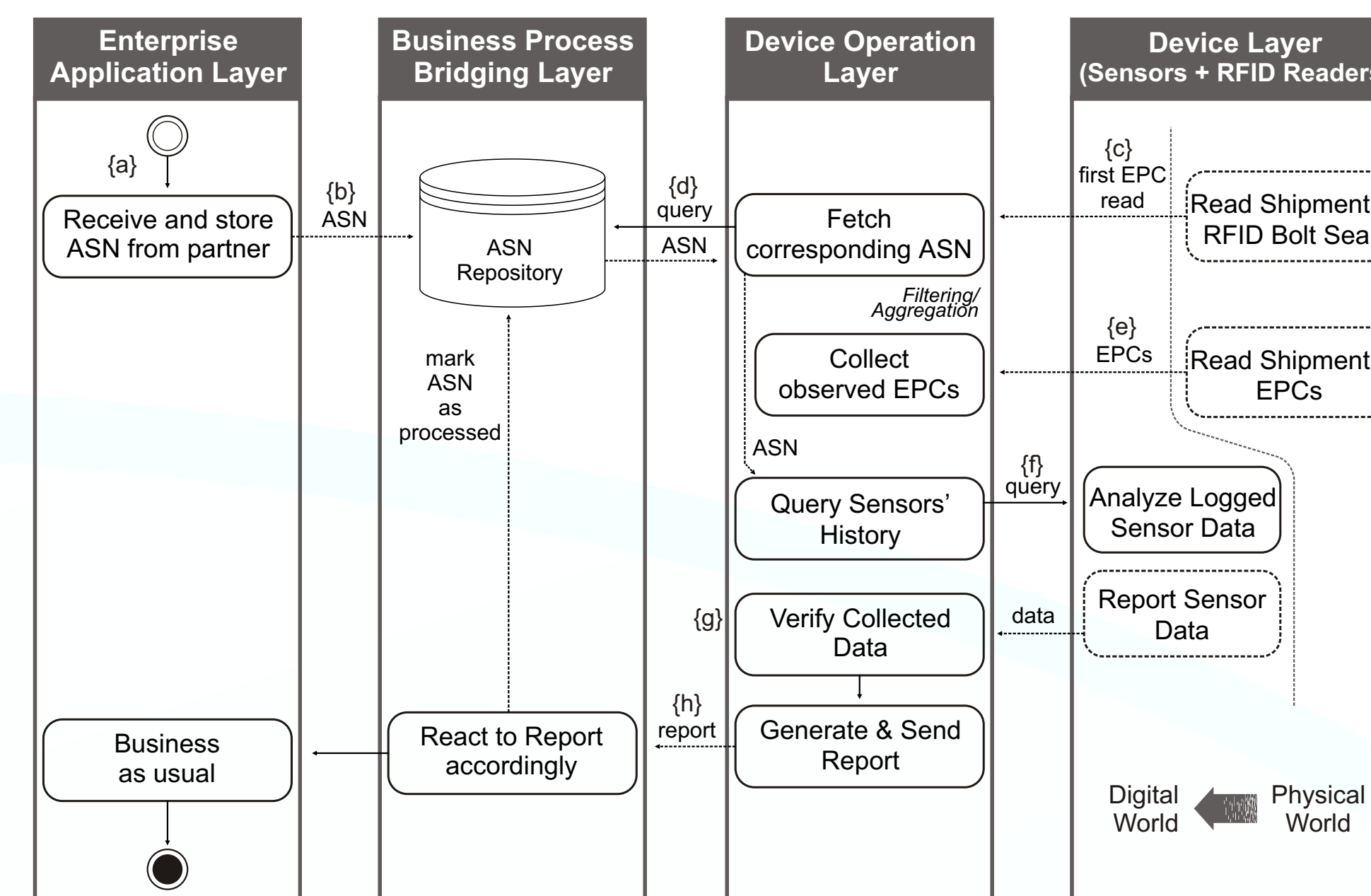
System Architecture

- Business rules are defined in terms of **Event-Condition-Action (ECA)** rules - a system and platform **independent** format
- Small footprint **rule engine** that runs on smart devices
- Component-based design, composed by *elementary services*
 - Basic event detection and event composition,
 - Condition evaluation
 - Action execution
- Use of a **service platform** offering component life-cycle, remote deployment and management



Demonstration Use Case

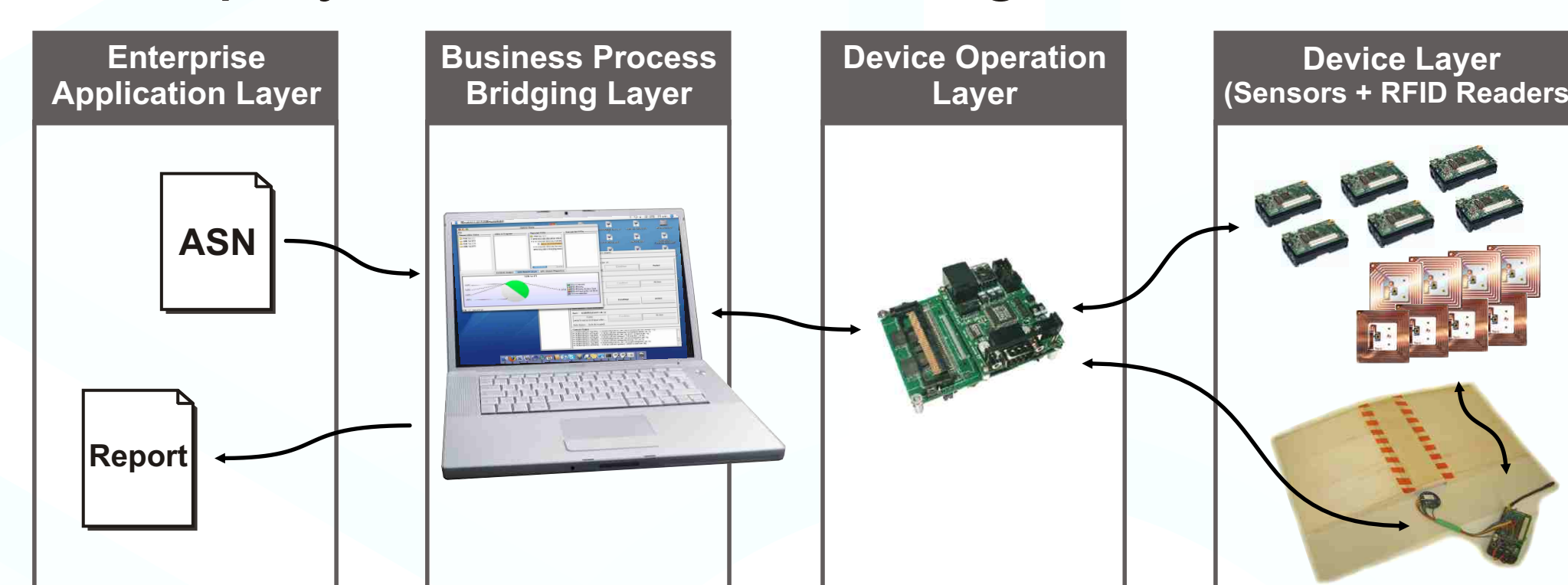
- Advance Shipping Notice (ASN)**



- Representative SCM example:
 - Multi-partner interaction
 - Involves intensive processing
 - Has a clear output

Demonstration Setup

- Smart pallets
 - RFID-tagged with EPC SGTIN 64 encoding, ISO 15693 tags
 - Some with sensor nodes, running a custom TinyOS data-collection sw.
- RFID reader attached to a sensor node (*for experimentation only!*)
 - 13.56 Mhz, ISO 15693 mini reader
- Stargate platform running Linux BSP and IBM's J9 JVM
- Rule Engine implemented in Java as OSGi (Oscar) bundles
- 4 ECA Rules (following an XML Rule Definition Language)
 - IncomingEPC
 - EndOfShipment
 - IncomingSensorData
 - EPCException
- AutoID Node (repository) running on notebook
- Remote deployment and monitoring of rules (visual inspection)



Scenarios

- Complete, correct shipment
 - 2 pallets: 1 with sensor node
- Incomplete shipment
 - 3 pallets: 1 missing, 1 unexpected
- Violation of shipping conditions
 - 1 pallet: values out of range
- Sensor data unreachable
 - 2 pallets with sensors, 1 is off



Conclusions & Beyond

- Off-loaded processing from Business Process Bridging Layer
 - Intuitively we have achieved better performance and scalability
 - Extensive rule engine profiling being carried out
- A first step towards a higher level business rule language
 - Richer rule definition language currently being developed
- Exploration of a high-performance ECA Rule Engine
 - e.g. through the usage of clustering techniques